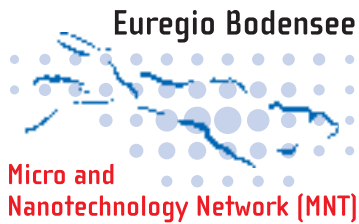
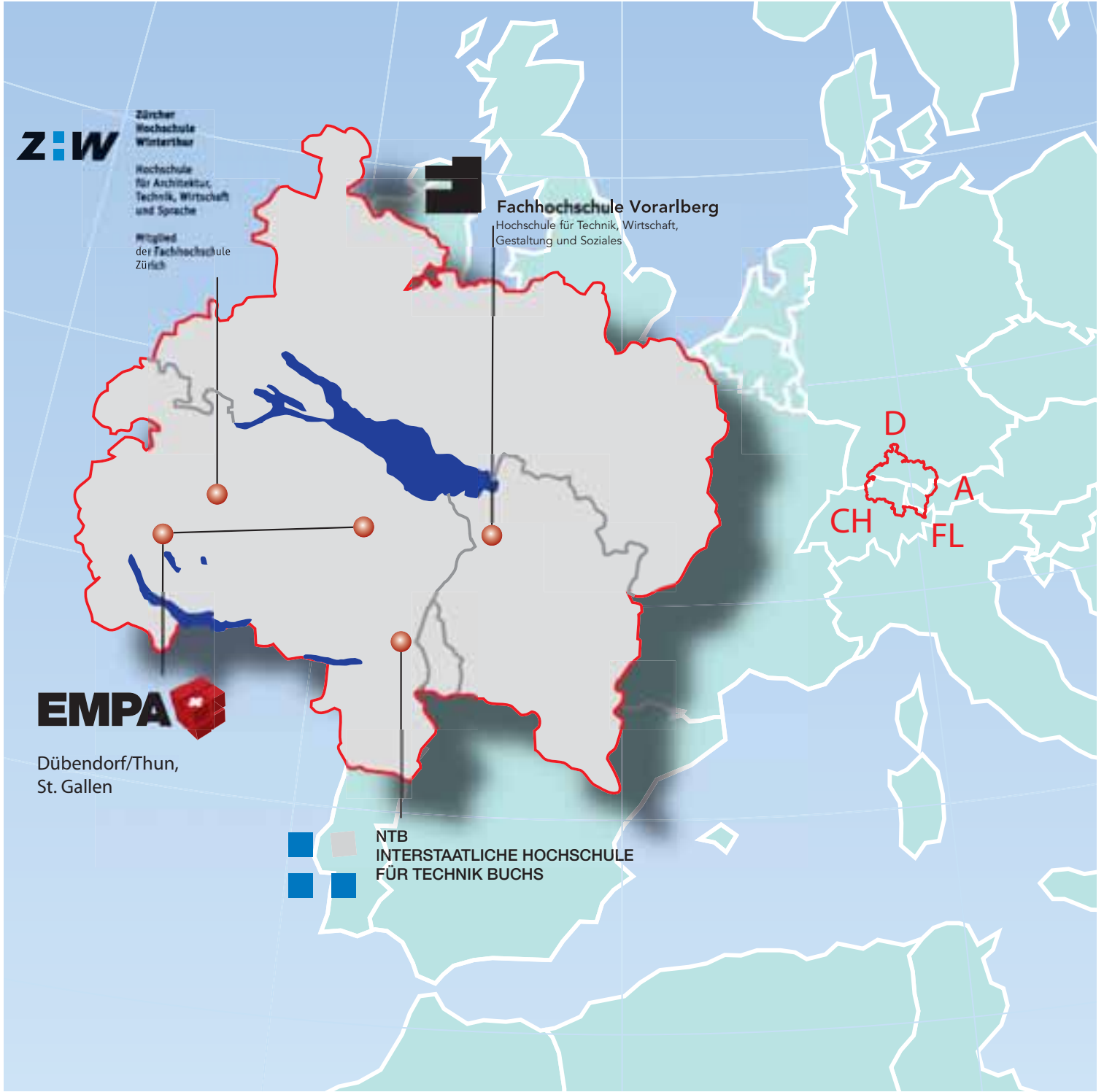


# Master's Degree Program in Micro and Nanotechnology according to the Bologna Agreement

A collaborative International Network for Applied Research  
between Education and Industry in the Euregio Bodensee





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The international network for micro and nanotechnologies is a cooperative venture between four established Universities of Applied Sciences and research institutions in the Euregio Bodensee: Vorarlberg University of Applied Sciences (FHV), Interstate University of Applied Sciences of Technology Buchs (NTB), Zurich University of Applied Sciences Winterthur (ZHW), and the Swiss Federal Laboratories for Materials Testing and Research (EMPA), which is the ETH (Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich) domain's institution for multidisciplinary research into sustainable materials and systems engineering.

The members of this network support open and international cooperation in a Europe of regions. Their aim is the sustainable development of future-oriented micro and nanotechnologies and their industrial use of such technologies. With partners in business and industry, they contribute their expertise and resources as well as their connections to joint research projects.

Being also aware of their responsibility to pass on new technologies to the people of the region and to future generations, these four institutions are planning to establish a joint continuing education program for engineers: an in-depth postgraduate master's degree in micro and nanotechnology and its applications, which allows graduates to combine their traditional engineering knowledge and skills with new technologies.

By encouraging and enabling their engineers to participate in this master's degree program, companies profit in many ways. For example, degree program students and graduates contribute to the renewal of a company's current product portfolio, which improves a company's long-term market position. Companies benefit from the synergy between study and research and business and industry. In their master's theses, students investigate an applied research problem at their companies.

For a region in which reliable precision work is not only seen as part of that region's tradition but also its future, this combination of traditional engineering and new technologies ensures an almost unbeatable advantage for the region.

This folder provides a brief introduction to this joint degree program, whose course modules — in accordance with the research focus of the four institutions — are taught at the different campuses. The degree program conforms to the Bologna Agreement, and the degree of «Master of Science» is conferred on graduates.

We look forward to hearing from you and would like to invite you to join us on a journey into the fascinating worlds of micro and nanotechnologies.

# 1. Introduction / Technology

## Prerequisite

Bachelor Diploma in a technical discipline

## Goals

**A Review of Materials Science**  
**Structure**  
**Defects in Solids**  
**Bonds and Bands in Materials**  
**Thermodynamics of Materials**  
**Kinetics**  
**Nucleation**  
**An Introduction to Mechanical Behavior**

## Chapter 1

### Contents

### PVD-Coatings

Thin-Film Evaporation Processes  
The Physics and Chemistry of Evaporation  
Film Thickness Uniformity and Purity  
Evaporation Hardware  
Evaporation Processes and Applications  
Discharges, Plasmas, and Ion-Surface Interactions  
Plasmas, Discharges, and Arcs  
Fundamentals of Plasma Physics  
Reactions in Plasmas  
Ion Bombardment Modification of Growing Films  
Plasma and Ion Beam Processing of Thin Films  
DC, AC, and Reactive Sputtering Processes  
Magnetron Sputtering  
Plasma Etching  
Hybrid and Modified PVD Processes

## Chapter 2

### Contents

### CVD-Coatings

Chemical Vapor Deposition  
Reaction Types  
Thermodynamics of CVD  
Gas Transport  
Film Growth Kinetics  
Thermal CVD Processes  
Plasma-Enhanced CVD Processes  
Some CVD Materials Issues  
Substrate Surfaces and Thin-Film Nucleation  
An Atomic View of Substrate Surfaces  
Thermodynamic Aspects of Nucleation  
Kinetic Processes in Nucleation and Growth  
Experimental Studies of Nucleation and Growth

**Chapter 3**  
Contents

**Special Technologies**

**Epitaxy**

Manifestations of Epitaxy  
Lattice Misfit and Defects in Epitaxial Films  
Epitaxy of Compound Semiconductors  
High-Temperature Methods for Depositing Epitaxial Semiconductor Films  
Low-Temperature Methods for Depositing Epitaxial Semiconductor Films  
Mechanisms and Characterization of Epitaxial Film Growth

**Laser**

**Nanomaterials**

**Electroforming**

**Synchrotron**

**LIGA / UV LIGA**

LIGA  
Design rules for UV LIGA  
Sacrificial technology for LIGA  
Multilayer technology

**Replication**

Tool fabrication  
RT casting  
UV-Casting  
Hot embossing  
Injection moulding

**Chapter 4**  
Contents

**Selected technical applications**

**Chemical engineering**

Membranes  
Flotation  
Precipitation and sedimentation

**Sensors**

Detection of single molecules

**Biomedicine**

Immobilisation of biomolecules and cells  
Interaction between human and animal cells  
Modifications of biomaterials  
Tissue engineering  
Growing of cells on surfaces

**Microfluidics**

# 2. Nano Measuring Techniques

## Prerequisite

Bachelor Diploma in a technical discipline

## Goals

**Detailed description of the instrumentation used in the nanometer range. For each techniques, theory, application and practical training will be given**

**This lecture aims to provide a good understanding of AFM instrumentation in order for the potential AFM user to get rid of most of the common artifacts and to acquire reproducible and meaningful data**

## Chapter 1

### Contents

#### Electron Microscopy and Chemical Analysis

1. Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM): operation modes
2. Environmental Scanning Electron Microscope (ESEM)
3. Scanning Transmission Microscopy (TEM): Instrumentation & operation modes
4. Spatial resolved chemical analysis with EM: ESD, EELS

## Chapter 2

### Contents

#### Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM)

1. STM principle & tunnel effect
2. STM instrumentation: Piezoelectric materials, tunnel current pre-amplification, scanner linearization (hard- & software), VT-STM, LT-STM, STM in liquids & electrolytes
3. Applications: Surface reconstruction, epitaxial growth, molecular self-assembly, magnetic domains, oxidation & corrosion
4. Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy (STS): Local density of states (LDOS)

## Chapter 3

### Contents

#### Scanning Force Microscopy (AFM)

1. AFM principles & interatomic forces
  2. Cantilever's geometry, spring constant, resonance frequency, fabrication
  3. AFM modes: Contact, non-contact, magnetic-force
  4. Detection modes: optical, capacitance, strain gauge
  5. Feedback loop & electronics: Amplitude & phase detection
- Measuring physical properties with AFM**
6. Lateral Force Microscopy (LFM): Tribology
  7. Force Modulation Microscopy (FMM): Composites materials
  8. Magnetic Force Microscopy (MFM): Superconductivity, magnetic domains (data storage media)
  9. Electrical Force Microscopy (EFM): Electrical conductivity imaging, Ex. conductive polymers
  10. Scanning Thermal Microscopy (SthM): Thermal conductivity imaging, Ex. Polymerblends
  11. Force Distance Curves: Surface Forces, Polymer- & Protein-folding

## Chapter 4

### Contents

#### Lateral Resolved Chemical Surface Analysis

1. Electron Spectroscopy (ES): XPS, AES, principles
2. Auger Electron Microscopy
3. Photo-Electron Emission Microscopy (PEEM)
4. Time off Flight Secondary Ion Mass Spectroscopy (TOF-SIMS)

## Chapter 5

### Contents

### X-Ray analysis

1. High Resolution X-Ray Diffraction (HRXRD): Concept of reciprocal lattice/peak
2. Broadening
3. Experimental situation in HRXRD to determine
4. Determination of average crystallite size, strains and tilts  
parallel and perpendicular to a growth surface
5. Texture determination
6. Crystalline defects

## Chapter 6

### Contents

### Micro- & Nano-mechanics

- Understand nanomechanical properties of surfaces  
learn to execute correctly and to interpret nanoindentation measurements of  
nanomechanical properties.
1. Micro- & Nano- mechanical properties
  2. Nano-indentation: principle and relation; hardness, friction coefficient  
and strain-stress relation measurements
  3. Relation nano-mechanics and friction

## Chapter 7

### Contents

### Nanopositioning und -manipulation

1. Focused Ion Beam: Principle, SEM & TEM-sample preparation, nano-structuring,
2. Lithography
3. Electron- & ion-beam deposition
4. Nano-positioning (micro-robotic)

# 3. Functional Surfaces

## Prerequisite

Bachelor Diploma in a technical discipline

## Goals

**Understand the surface as site of molecular interaction**  
**Learn the techniques of surface modification and to apply them**  
**Characterize surfaces and their functional properties on the nanoscale**  
**Learn to select and to apply the appropriate modification method for a certain application**

## Chapter 1

### Contents

### Functionalization of surfaces

#### Introduction

Objectives of the module, relations between the chapters, active and passive surfaces

#### 1.1. Principles of mass transfer in liquids

Chemisorption and physisorption

Summary transport mechanisms

Molecular transport

Diffusion of fluids

Turbulent/laminar flow

Aerosols

Membranes

Electrolytic transport

Structure/property relationships

#### 1.2. Cleaning of Surfaces

#### 1.3. Conversion treatments

Laser treatment

Ion implantation

Principles

Practice

#### 1.4. Monomolecular layers

Adsorption from solution

Langmuir-Blodgett-Films

Selforganizing monolayers

UV modification

#### 1.5. Nanoparticles

## Chapter 2

### Contents

### Functional Characterization

#### 2.1 Electrical and optical properties

Filter analyser

Van der Pauw

#### 2.2 Chemical activity

Heterogeneous catalysis

Photocatalytic activity

Modification of surface polarity by plasma activation

### **2.3. Physical-chemical properties**

Adhesion  
Surface tension  
Lotus effect  
Permeability

### **2.4. Tribology**

Modification of tribological properties

### **2.5. Biomedical activity**

Modification of biomaterials  
Tissue engineering  
Growing of cells on surfaces

## **Chapter 3**

### **Content**

### **4. Topographical structures**

#### **4.1. Lithography**

Photoresists  
Mask fabrication  
Optical lithography  
Interference lithography  
X-Ray lithography  
e-Beam writing  
Ion beam writing

#### **4.2. Etching techniques**

Wet etching  
Dry etching  
Surface micromachining

# 4. Components, Systems and Design for Micro and Nanotechnology

## Prerequisite

Bachelor Diploma in a technical discipline

## Goals

### Engineering methods for MNT

Computer Aided Engineering  
System integration  
Nanopositioning  
Nanomanipulation  
Packaging

### Simulation and Optimization

Methods of numerical simulation and optimization  
Design tools  
Sensor and actuator modeling and validation

### Production methods for MNT systems and modules

Technical and economic aspects

## Chapter 1

### Contents

### Sensors and Actuators

#### 1.1. Sensor principles and applications

Capacitive  
Piezoresistive  
Piezoelectric  
Thermal (also for Position)  
Optical  
Chemical  
Biological

#### 1.2. Actuator principles and applications

Electrostatical  
Elektrodynamical  
Thermal  
Piezoelectrical  
Chemical  
SMA

## Chapter 2

### Contents

### Fibres, planar waveguides and micro optics

Motivation - the role of optics in micro technology  
Integrated optics - planer waveguide technology  
Guiding properties of waveguides  
Optical fibre technology  
Integrated planer waveguides  
Material systems for integrated optics  
Waveguide design and fabrication

Loss considerations  
Absorption mechanisms  
Coupling losses  
Packaging concepts for planar waveguides  
Basic modules for integrated optical circuits  
Micro optics  
Design of refractive and diffractive micro lenses  
Manufacturing processes for binary optics  
Manufacturing processes for free form lens shapes  
Replication technologies  
Actual research and development (examples)

### Chapter 3

#### Contents

#### **System integration**

##### **2.1. Processdesign of Microsystems**

Thinking in a multilayer planar layout  
Batchprocessing  
Top down and Bottom-Up procedures of integration  
Integration of Micro mechanics, microelectronics and micro optics  
Bipolar Processes  
CMOS Processes  
Compatibility

##### **2.2. Packing: Construction and bonding techniques**

###### **Wafer level Integration**

Design of Bonds  
Eutectical Bonding  
Anodic Bonding  
Silicon direct Bonding  
Bonding by glueing, soldering

###### **Hybrid integration**

Diebonding  
Wirebonding  
TAB-Technique and Flip-Chip-Technique  
Polymers, mainly adhesive in construction and connection technology  
Interfaces to the outside world, standardization of packaging  
Thermo mechanical stress, /FEM simulation and tools  
Automation (incl. Robotics and tools)

##### **2.3. Electronic circuits**

Sensor readout  
Interfaces

# 4. Components, Systems and Design for Micro and Nanotechnology

## Chapter 4 Contents

### Design in Micro- and Nanosystemstechnology

Design process

Methods and tools for process, device, network, logic and system simulation

Mapping physical effects to RLC-type network models

Conservation laws and constitutive equations

Numerical discretisation methods for field problems (Finite Element Method, box method, etc.)

CAE software tools and limitations (Matlab/Simulink, NMSESES, ANSYS), functionality, program interfaces, pre- and postprocessing

Coupling types (domain coupling, boundary coupling, bi- and unidirectional coupling, algorithmic implementation)

Requirements with respect to packaging (system integration), classification of the effects for sensors/actuators

Model validation

Optimization algorithms and tools, application-specific algorithms with implementation in an open simulation environment

## Chapter 5 Contents

### CAE MNT Lab Course

**Computer simulation lab** on sensor and actuator applications and students projects (in collaboration with industry) with a finite element software tool:

1. Optical design of thin film structures
2. Laser material processing
3. Microfluidics (sensors, mixers etc.)
4. MEMS (electrostatic microrelais, cantilever structures, etc.)
5. Piezosensors and -actuators
6. Organic electronics (OLEDs, OFETs)

**Validation of numerical model calculations with experimental data**

**Chapter 6**  
Contents

**Sensors for Nanopositioning**

**1. Physical Effects**

Hysteresis of piezoactuators (characterization:  
stretch measurement rates and STM)  
Voice-Coil actuators with friction  
Interferometry for optical positioning

**2. Measurement and Control**

Sensors for nanopositioning (capacitive, inductive, optical)  
Quantization errors, measurement and actuator noise  
Control loop aspects (bandwidth, resolution, sampling frequency,  
positioning and measurement speed ... )  
Electronic aspects (requirements for the electronics: processor power,  
interfaces and resolution, temporal aspects, communication)

**3. Contactless Measurement Methods**

Eddy current sensors  
Capacitive proximity sensors  
Optical triangulation method with PSDs / with CCDs  
Positional interferometry  
Velocity interferometry with short coherence lengths  
Modulation and demodulation methods  
Temperature compensation  
Scaling  
Compensation of Nonlinearities  
High-resolution A/D converters



## Research Focus – Vorarlberg University of Applied Sciences

### Main R&D Topics:

- UV and Deep-UV Lithography
- Microplating
- Microstructuring using Excimer and Solid-State Lasers
- LIGA-Technology
- SEM incl. EDX
- Microassembly
- Sensors and Actuators

### Services:

- Scanning Electron Microscopy
- Lithography
- Laserablation



## Research Focus of the Institute for Microsystems (I $\mu$ S)

### Main R&D Topics:

- Development of new Coating Process Technologies for electronic and MEMS devices
- Industrialization of new Process Technologies
- X-Ray Structure and Defect Analysis (HRXRD, XRD, XRF)
- Advanced Packaging Technologies
- Integrated Optics like Sensors and Telecommunication Systems for Space Application

### Services:

- Structure and Defect Analysis (HRXRD, XRD, XRF)
- Surface Analysis (AFM, NCAFM, STM, SEM, Optical Microscopy)
- Micromechanical Analysis (e.g. Nanoindentation)
- Courses on Coating Technology and Customer Specific Workshops
- Support for production setup
- Feasibility studies



## Research Focus at Zurich University of Applied Sciences Winterthur in Micro and Nanotechnology

### Main R&D Topics:

- Surface modifications: e. g. metals, glasses, silicon wafers, ceramics, textiles, plastics
- Tissue engineering: colonization of porous biomaterials and surfaces with cells and tissues
- Development of flow measurement systems based on microelectrodes and microelectrode arrays
- Computer Aided Engineering based development of integrated sensors and actuators
- Coupled electrothermomechanical finite element analysis of MEMS and microfluidic systems
- Design of optical thin film structures and organic semiconductor devices using numerical simulation tools

### Services:

- Problem solution for coating with the objectives: adhesion, protection, lubrication, nanostructuring
- Investigation of biocompatibility and bioconductivity
- Numerical modelling and simulation of device characteristics



## Research Focus at Empa in Micro and Nanotechnology

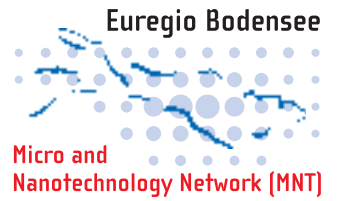
### Main R&D Topics:

- Powder Technology
- Micro and Nanomechanics
- Thin Film Technology
- Molecular Self-Assembly
- Molecular Electronics
- Electron Emission from Carbon Nanotubes
- Reliability and Failure Analysis of Microelectronic Circuits
- Materials and Tissues for Medicine
- Biomimetic Engineering

### Services:

- Micromechanical Analysis (e.g. Nanoindentation)
- Structure and Defect Analysis (FIB, TEM, HRXRD, XRD)
- Surface Analysis (AFM/STM, ESEM/SEM, Optical Microscopy)
- Chemical Surface Analysis (XPS, Auger, TOF SIMS, GDOS)
- X-Ray Tomographic Microscopy (at SLS/PSI)
- Ceramic Processing
- Empa Academy (Workshops, Seminars)

# Contact



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